Intravital Microscopy (IVM)

In Vivo Live Cell Imaging Platform





All-in-One Intravital Microscopy





Intravital microscopy enables dynamic 3D cellular-level imaging of various biological processes in living animals *in vivo*. It enables scientists to directly verify hypotheses derived from *ex vivo* or *in vitro* observations in natural physiological in vivo microenvironments. Using intravital microscopy, in vivo visualizations of gene expression, protein activity, cell trafficking, cell-cell / cell-microenvironment interaction and various physiological responses to stimuli have been accomplished providing novel insights, which have been impossible to obtain with conventional static 2D observation of ex vivo or in vitro samples. However, up to now, individual users have had to improvise the required functions for each of the intravital imaging applications for the various organs with conventional standalone microscopes, which resulted in non-optimal imaging performance and limited applicability.



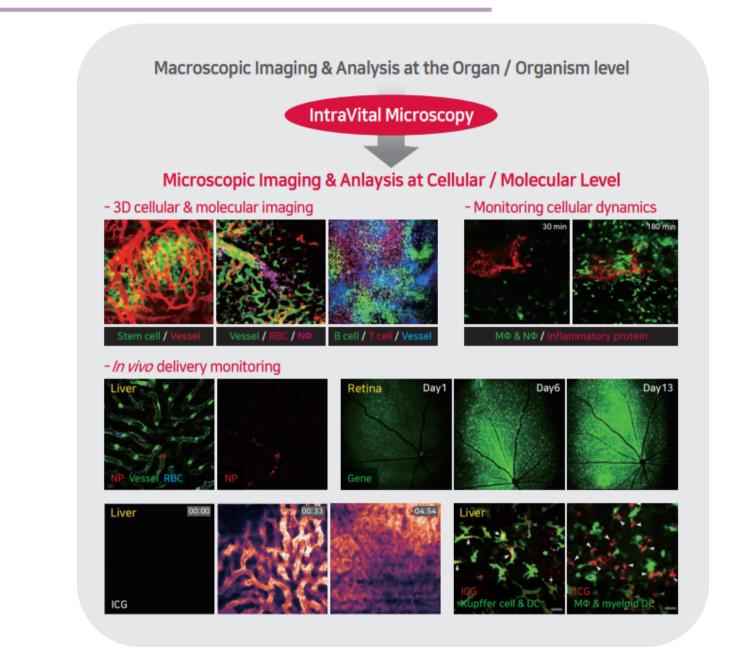
IVIM Technology's All-in-One intravital confocal / two-photon microscopy system (IVM C/M/CM/MS) is extensively optimized and carefully engineered to provide superb performance in the intravital imaging of live animal models *in vivo*.

- IVIM Technology's IVM series integrates expertly selected best-suited optical, optomechanical, and optoelectrical components, ensuring optimal imaging performance for a wide range of intravital imaging applications.
- Key indispensable functionalities for intravital imaging are fully integrated into the All-in-One system with attentive design for smooth and easy operation.
 - Body temperature monitoring and automated regulation system
 - Anesthesia apparatus optimized for integration into the animal stage
 - Animal motion stabilization apparatus customized for various organs
 - Implantable imaging window apparatus customized for longitudinal observation of various organs

The world's first All-in-One intravital microscopy platform from IVIM Technology is a key solution that can explore complex dynamic behaviors of numerous cells inside a living body and serve as the next-generation core technology to elucidate unknown pathophysiology of various human diseases and discover new cures for them.



Why Intravital Microscopy (IVM)?

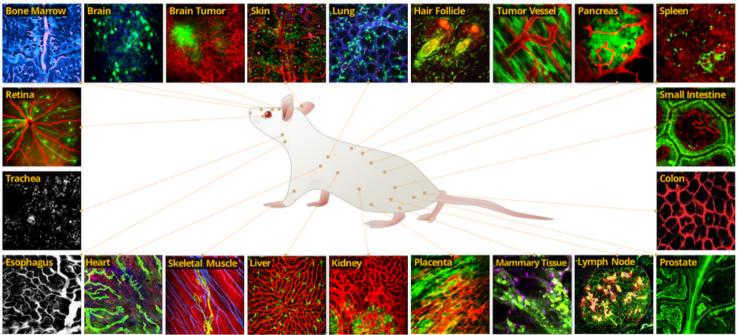


- IntraVital Microscopy (IVM) enables dynamic real-time imaging of various cellular-level dynamics such as cell trafficking, cell-cell / cell-microenvironment interaction, and various physiological responses to stimuli inside the living body *in vivo*, providing novel insights into the processes of human disease development.
- For drug development, IVM enables direct analysis of drug delivery to target tissues and cells and the efficacy of new therapeutic candidates by the intended MOA (Mode of Action) at a microscopic cellular level in various preclinical models of human diseases



Why IntraVital Microscopy (IVM)?

Unique Solution for In Vivo Live Cell Imaging



+ Thymus, Thyroid gland, Adipose Tissue, Lymphatics, Microcirculation ... etc.

IVIM Technology's All-in-One intravital confocal / two-photon microscopy system (IVM-C/M/CM/ MS) has been designed to provide expandability and flexibility for highly diverse intravital imaging application of various tissues and organs including the brain, liver, spleen, kidney, pancreas, lung, heart, gastrointestinal tracts, retina, skeletal muscle, bone marrow, peripheral lymph node, prostate, thymus, thyroid gland, adipose tissue, blood and lymphatic vessels, etc.

In addition, to handle various imaging needs raised by researchers for a wide range of biomedical studies, detailed experimental protocols have been established for high-quality intravital image acquisition.

Subsequent quantitative analysis of various cellular-level dynamics and physiological alterations have been established.

For drug discovery and development applications, IVIM Technology's All-in-One intravital microscopy system can serve as a highly valuable and versatile tool.

• Target identification and validation in natural in vivo microenvironments

- Confirmation of MoA (Mode of Action) and PoC (Proof of Concept) of new therapeutics by direct in vivo cellular observation
- Monitoring of *in vivo* drug delivery, distribution, retention and *in situ* efficacy at target tissues and organs

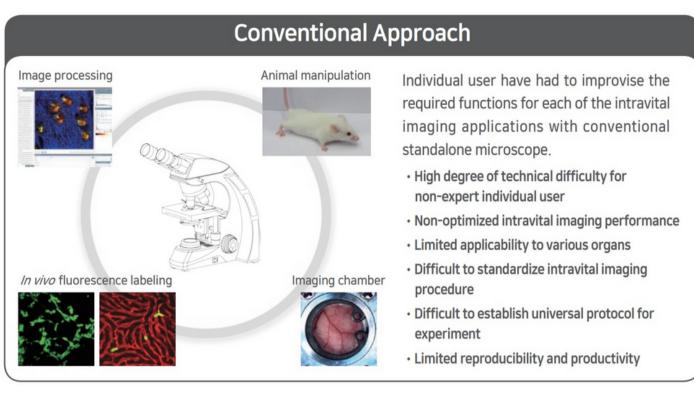






Why Intravital Microscopy (IVM)?

All-in-One Platform





IVIM's All-in-One Packaged Platform



IVIM Technology's All-in-One intravital confocal / two-photon microscopy system (IVM-C/M/CM/MS) is extensively optimized and carefully engineered to provide superb performance in the intravital imaging of live animal models, *in vivo*.

All-in-One IVM Platform

- All-in-One single-box packaged IntraVital Microscopy (IVM) system
- Fully integrated with key functionalities for imaging of live animal model
- Unified animal stage to accommodate various accessories for wide-range of intravital imaging applications
- User-friendly design for easy and smooth operation

Optimized In Vivo System

- Sub-µm in vivo imaging resolution
- Ultra-high speed *in vivo* imaging (Max. 100 fps @ 512x512 pixels)
- 4-color simultaneous confocal / two-photon microscopic in vivo imaging
- Integrated animal motion compensation



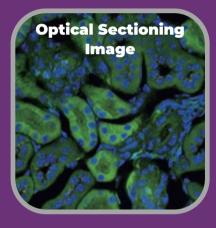
IVIM Technology's Confocal / Two-Photon Technologies

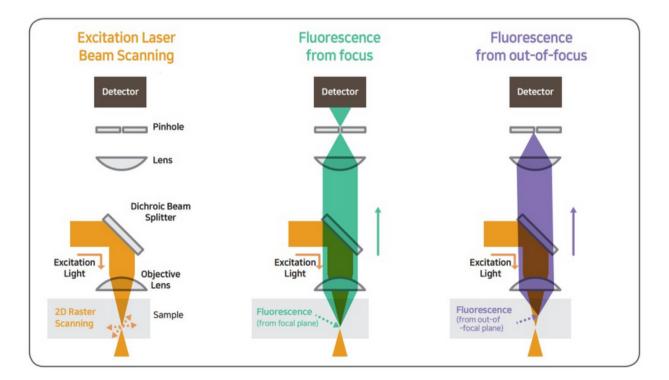
Enable High-resolution In Vivo Imaging

Confocal Microscopy (IVM Technology: IVM-C, CM)

- High-resolution optical sectioning imaging of *in vivo* tissue
 - Rejection of fluorescence signal from out-of-focal volume by confocal pinhole
 - High contrast, low background, high quality *in vivo* imaging
- Ultrafast precise Raster scanning of multicolor excitation laser-beam focus
 - Video-rate imaging of fast cellular-level dynamics in live tissue *in situ*
- Ideal for high-sensitivity multi-color intravital imaging of *in vivo* tissue







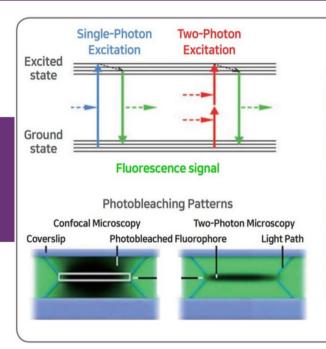


IVIM Technology's Confocal / Two-Photon Technologies

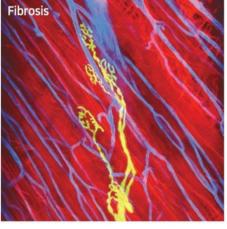
Enable High-resolution In Vivo Imaging

Two-Photon Microscopy (IVM Technology: IVM-C, CM)

- High-resolution optical sectioning imaging of *in vivo* tissue
 Fluorescence signal is intrinsically generated only at the focus
- Deeper tissue imaging with longer-wavelength near-infrared (NIR fs-pulse laser for two-photon/multi photon excitation
- Capable of label-free, non-linear multi-harmonic generation imaging (SHG, THG)
- No photo-bleaching at non-focal plane: reduced phototoxicity
- Ideal for long-term 3D intravital imaging of in vivo tissue



Second Harmonic Generation (SHG) Imaging of *in vivo* tissue



Confocal Microscopy

- Single-photon excitation
- Point scanning + Pinhole
- Optical sectioning:
 - Fluorescence signal from out-of-focus is blocked
- Imaging Depth:
 - 100-200 µm
- Continuous -wave solid-state laser with flexible choice of wavelength at the range from ultraviolet (UV) and visible (VIS) near-infrared (NIR)
- Descanned confocal detector
- Easy & efficient, multi-color 3D intravital imaging

Two-Photon Microscopy

- Two-photon excitation
- Point Scanning + No Pinhole
- Optical sectioning
 - Fluorescence signal is intrinsically generated only at the focus
- Imaging depth:
 - ∘ 250-1000 µm
- Femto-second pulsed laser tunable at near-infrared (NIR) wavelength range
- Non-descanned detector (NDD)
- Deeper-tissue 3D intravital imaging

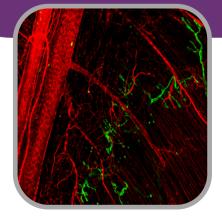


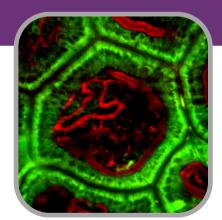
IVIM Technology's Key Advantage 1: Ultrafast Scanning with Uniform Illimitation

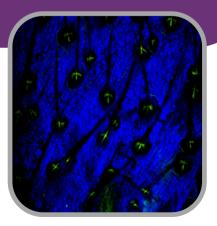


IVIM Technology's All-in-One intravital microscopy system is equipped with ultrafast rotating polygonal mirror scanner

- Enables ultra-high speed in vivo imaging (max. 100 fps @ 512x512 pixels)
- Achieves uniform excitation illumination over entire imaging field of view (FOV)
 - No reduced fluorescence signal and signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) at center area of FOV
 - No excessive photobleaching at edge area of FOV
 - Uniform high signal-to-noise ratio over entire FOV
 - Improved image quality without wasting excessive photons







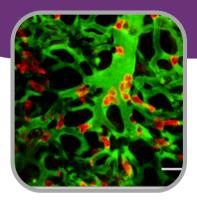


IVIM Technology's Key Advantage 2:

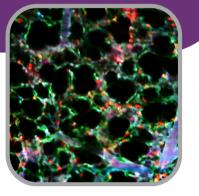
Animal Motion Compensation

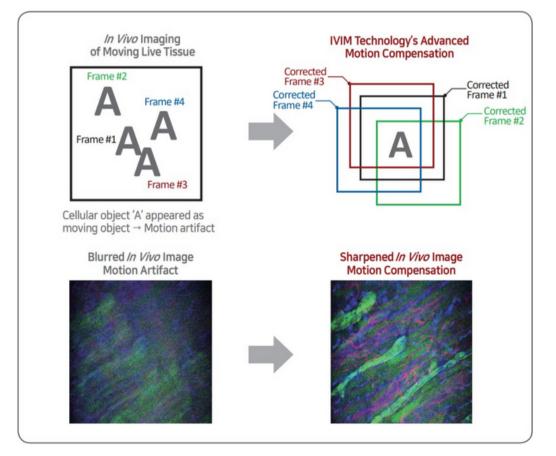
IVIM Technology - Integrated Motion Artifact Compensation

- Automatic hassle-free high-precision motion compensation
- Immediate acquisition of motion-compensated imaging results by GPU-assisted parallel computing for acceleration of algorithm processing
- Synergistic effect with ultrafast intravital imaging
- Guarantee optimal results in wide-range of spatiotemporal tissue movement from slowly moving tissues (e.g. abdominal organs such as liver, kidney, spleen) to rapidly moving tissues (e.g. thoracic organs such as heat, lung)





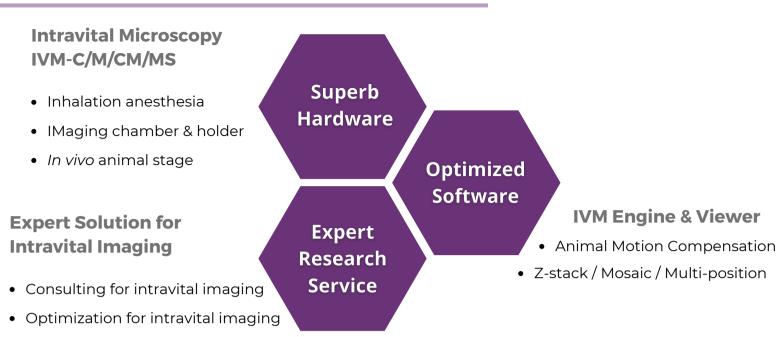






IVIM Technology's Key Advantage 3:

All-in-One Packaged Platform



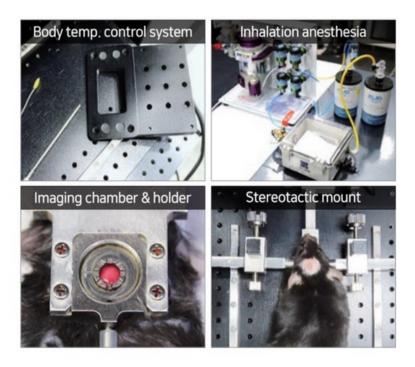
- Modeling & intravital imaging
- Data processing

Hardware

All-in-One Intravital Microscopy



Accessories for Intravital Imaging





Software

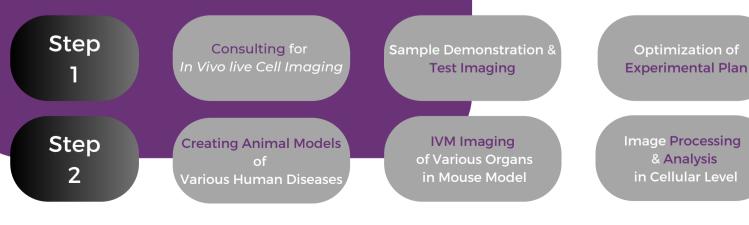
IVM Engine



IVM Viewer



Research Service





IVIM Technology's Product Lines:

- IVM-C (Confocal)
- IVM-M (Two-Photon)
- IVM-CM (Confocal & Two-Photon)
- IVM-MS 9Two-Photon Smart Ver.)
- Research Service Intravital Imaging



Key features of Intravital Microscopy (IVM)

- Superb performance and unique functionality for *in vivo* imaging of living animal
 - Ultra High-speed Imaging (max 100 fps-512x512 pixels)
 - 4D Animal Motion Compensation (X, Y, Z & Time)
 - Automatic, Hassle-free, GPU-accelerated processing

World's 1st All-in-One Packaged IntraVital Microscopy for live animal model

- Single box-type IVM System
- Fully integrated for in vivo imaging
- In vivo maintenance unit / in vivo animal stage
 - Monitoring & homeostatic regulation of animal vitality
- 4-color simultaneous imaging (confocal / Two-Photon Mode

IVIM Technology's All-in-One IntraVital Microscopy system has been verified to be used without any restriction on various organs



IVM-C (Confocal)

IVM-C is the All-in-One IntraVital Confocal Microscopy System, optimized for *in vivo* imaging experiments. Especially, because it is equipped with 4 different wavelength lasers and 4 high-sensitivity confocal detectors, IVM-C is the optimal system to observe highly diverse, dynamic multi-cellular behaviors in live animals simultaneously with 4 different fluorescence colors.

- Easy & highly efficient multi-color simultaneous imaging
- High flexibility in selection of laser / detector wavelength
- Customizable design for modifications according to the customer's requests and accommodations for future updates
- Applicability for conventional ex vivo, in vitro and in vivo imaging

IVM-M (Two-Photon)

IVM-C is the All-in-One IntraVital Confocal Microscopy System, optimized for *in vivo* imaging experiments. Especially, because it is equipped with 4 different wavelength lasers and 4 high-sensitivity confocal detectors, IVM-C is the optimal system to observe highly diverse, dynamic multi-cellular behaviors in live animals simultaneously with 4 different fluorescence colors.

- Easy & highly efficient multi-color simultaneous imaging
- High flexibility in selection of laser / detector wavelength
- Customizable design for modifications according to the customer's requests and accommodations for future updates
- Applicability for conventional *ex vivo*, *in vitro* and *in vivo* imaging





IVM-CM (Confocal & Two-Photon)

IVM-CM is the All-in-One IntraVital Confocal / Two-Photon Microscopy System, optimized for in vivo imaging experiments. Especially, because both of the confocal and two-photon microscopes are integrated into a single-box packaged system, IVM-CM provides the ultimate versatile functionality of the IVM-C and IVM-M in one system.

- Dual-mode IVM-C (Confocal) / IVM-M (Two-Photon) imaging capability
- One-click automated transition between confocal and two-photon imaging mode

IVM-MS (Two-Photon Smart Ver.)

IVM-MS is the All-in-One IntraVital Two-Photon Microscopy System, optimized for *in vivo* imaging experiments and equipped with a new compact high-efficiency fs-pulse laser module. Especially, because it integrates a compact high-stability maintenance-free fs-pulse laser into a single box, the IVM-MS is the ideal solution for customers in need of a two-photon microscope with limited resources of space and budget.

- Less expensive, fully-automated fs-laser system
- Space saving with no additional fs-laser box configuration
- Simple hand-free turn-key operation of the fs-laser for two-photon excitation
- Easy maintenance and management without liquid cooling system requirements



IVIM Technology's Product Lines: Research Service - Intravital Imaging

Step1 : Consulting, Testing & Planning

Consulting for In Vivo Live Cell Imaging		Sample Demonstration & Test Imaging	Optimization of Experimental Plan		
<i>In Vivo</i> Fluorescence Labeling	 Fluorescence protein (FP) reporter mouse Injection of antibody-fluorophore conjugate (vasculature, lymphatics, various immune cells, stromal cells) Chimeric mouse generation by bone marrow transplantation Adoptive fluorescent cell transfer 				
Tissue Preparation for Imaging	 In vivo in vitro ex vivo tissue sampling Choice of optimal mouse model Optimization of surgical procedures for tissue preparation 				
Imaging Parameter Establishment	 Imaging time-point & duration Required numbers of mouse models Imaging method (3D, large-area mosaic, time-lapse imaging) 				

Step 2 : Intravital Imaging & Analysis					
Creating Animal Models of Various Human Diseases		IVM Imaging of Various Organs in Mouse Model	s	Image Processing & Analysis in Cellular Level	
Various Mouse Models	 Acute ische 	graft & syngeneic cancer model u & chronic inflammation (systemi mia-reperfusion injury) era model (stem cell transplantat	ic inje	ction, organ / tissue injury,	
Maintenanceduring Imaging	 Compensation of motion artifacts Usage of appropriate anesthesia method Body temperature maintenance, 37°C Maintenance of tissue homeostasis Blood circulation maintenance Minimizing photobleaching 				
Image-based Cellular-level Analysis	• Cell di • Cell-n	ynamics (cell movement, motility, istribution, cell death / survival nicroenvironment, cell-cell interae ery & accumulation of drug into ta	ction		



IVIM Technology's Product Lines:

Research Service - Intravital Imaging

Key Research Service

In vivo 4D cell imaging, tracking & interaction monitoring

- In vivo visualization of dynamic molecular & cellular mechanisms
- In vivo imaging analysis of novel drug compound efficacy & action
- In vivo imaging of drug delivery to target tissues & cells
- In vivo imaging of various organs in mouse model (liver, lymph node, spleen, skin, retina, lung, brain, colon, pancreas, small intestine, prostate, kidney, heart, trachea, esophagus, bone marrow, thymus, etc.)

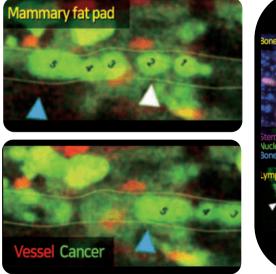
Live Cell Intravital Imaging

- In vivo cell dynamics of migration, interaction, activation, etc.
- In vivo tie-lapse, multi-position, mosaic, z-stack imaging

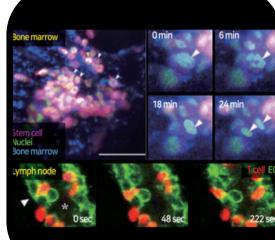


In Vivo Drug Efficacy Monitoring

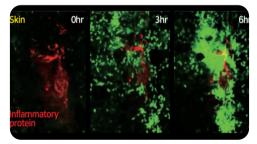
Tumor Metastasis



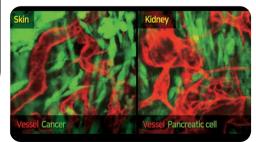
Proliferation & migration



immune cell recruitment



Angiogenesis





IVIM Technology's Key Application 1:

In Vivo 4D Dynamic Live Cell Imaging

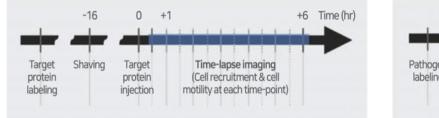
Drug Target Identification & Validation (Anti-Inflammation)

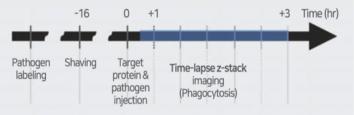
Imaging Target & Imaging Method

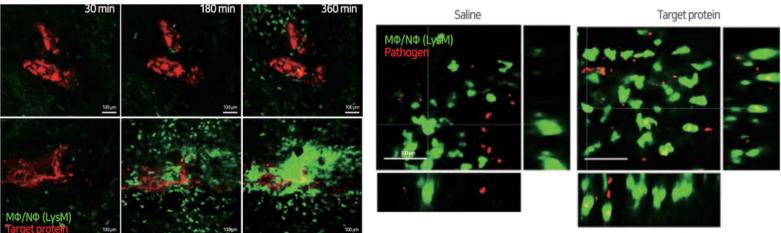
- Objective: Identification & validation of anti-inflammatory drug target
 Monitoring of pro-inflammatory effect of target protein
 - Monitoring of pro-/anti-inflammatory effect of target overexpression & inhibition
- Quantification: Changes in Immune Cellular Dynamics
 - Immune cell recruitment & motility : Immune cell number & movement
 - Phagocytic efficacy : Colocalization of fluorescent signal of immune cell & pathogen
- Imaging Method: Intravital time-lapse, z-stack imaging o animal Skin

Fluorescent Labeling

Transgenic mice : Intrinsic fluorescent protein (GFP) in immune cells







Journal of Cell Biology, 216(7):2201-2216 (2017)

Nature Microbiology, 2:16191 (2016)

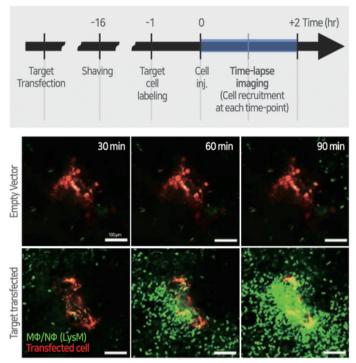


Scintica:

arget protein

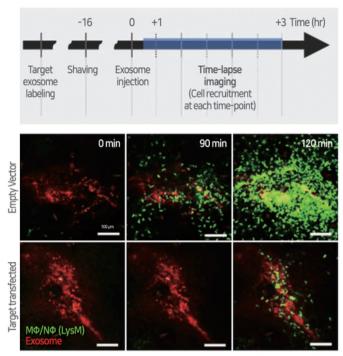
IVIM Technology's Key Application 1:

In Vivo 4D Dynamic Live Cell Imaging Drug Target Identification & Validation (Anti-Inflammation)

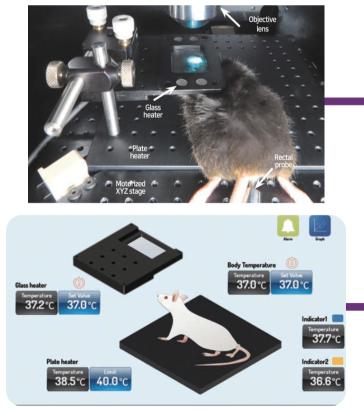


Journal of Cell Biology, 216(7):2201-2216 (2017)

Recommended Solutions



Journal of Cell Biology, 216(7):2201-2216 (2017)



Imaging System

IVM-C

Imaging Tool

In Vivo animal stage

4 Channel body and tissue temperature control system

- User-friendly S/W
- Temperature control with feedback from rectal probe
- Glass heater & plate heater
- 2 temperature indicators for monitoring tissue temperature



IVIM Technology's Key Application 2:

Repetitive Intravital Imaging Drug Efficacy Monitoring (Anti-cancer Drug)

Imaging Target & Imaging Method

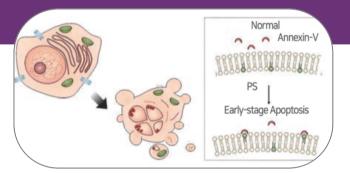
Objective : Validation of anti-cancer lead compounds

Quantification 1 : Changes in tumor cell apoptosis

• Apoptotic cell numbers: The number of Annexin-V+ cells / Total

Quantification 2 : Changes in tumor vessel characteristics, vessel normalization

- Vessel dilation : Average vessel diameter
- Vessel density : Area ratio, CD31+ vessel area / Total area
- Vessel permeability : Area ratio, Dye leak area / Tissue area



Characteristic of apoptotic cells

- Cell shrinking, chromatin condensation, nuclear fragmentation
- Loss of membrane integrity (exposure of phosphatidylserine)
- Membrane blebbing, shedding of apoptotic bodies

Characteristic of tumor vessels

Carcinoma (GFP)

- Abnormal vascular morphology
- Increase in vessel diameter (vessel dilation)

ermeahilit

Carcinoma

Dextran

Increased vascular permeability

Imaging Method:

- Repetitive intravital imaging of identical site
- Z-stack, mosaic imaging of tumor cells or vasculatures

Fluorescent Labeling

Cancer cell labeling:

- Intrinsic fluorescent protein (CFP/RFP) expressing stable cancer cell line
- FP expression in cancer cells: Nuclei (H2B) only, or crytosol & nuclei of cells

Vessel (vascular endothelial cell) labeling:

• Intravenous injection of anti-CD31 antibody conjugated with fluorescent dye

Apoptotic cell labeling:

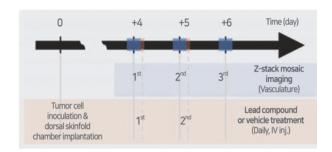
• Intravenous injection of Annexin-V conjugated with fluorescent dye

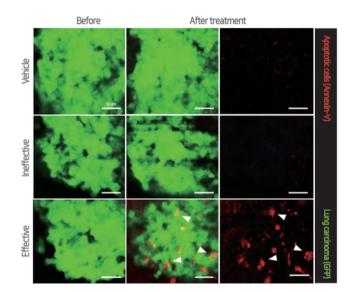


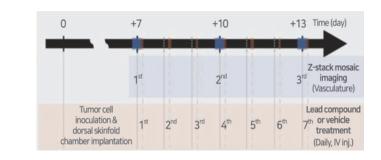


IVIM Technology's Key Application 2:

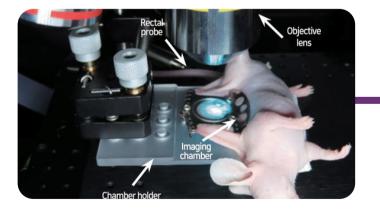
Repetitive Intravital Imaging Drug Efficacy Monitoring (Anti-cancer Drug)







Vessel dilation Day7 Day13 Day



Imaging System

Imaging Tool

In Vivo animal stage

4 Channel body and tissue temperature control system

Imaging chamber & holder

Dorsal skinfold chambers for each imaging organ (tumor, surrounding microenvironment)



IVIM Technology's Key Application 3:

Cellular-level imaging of various tissues (Brain) Optimized for intravital imaging with *In Vivo / Ex Vivo*



Fluorescent Labeling

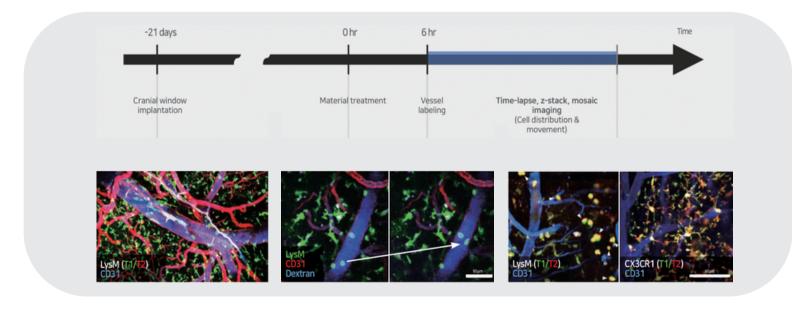
Transgenic mice : Intrinsic fluorescent protein (GFP) in immune cells

Vessel (vascular endothelial cell) labeling :

- Intravenous injection of anti-CD31 antibody conjugated with fluorescent dye
- Dextran conjugated fluorescent dye

Imaging Method:

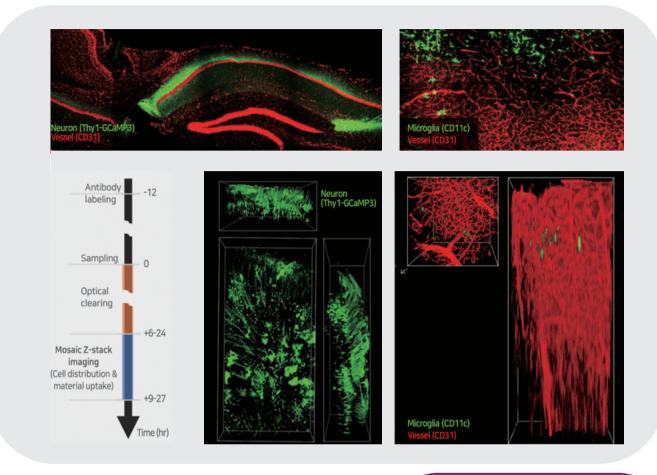
- Repetitive intravital imaging of identical site
- Z-stack, mosaic imaging of tumor cells or vasculatures

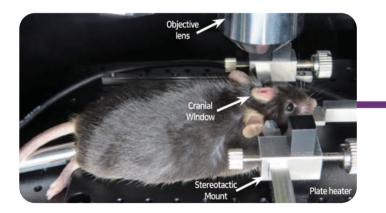




IVIM Technology's Key Application 3:

Cellular-level imaging of various tissues (Brain) Optimized for intravital imaging with *In Vivo / Ex Vivo*





Imaging System

IVM-C

Imaging Tool

In Vivo animal stage

4 Channel body and tissue temperature control system

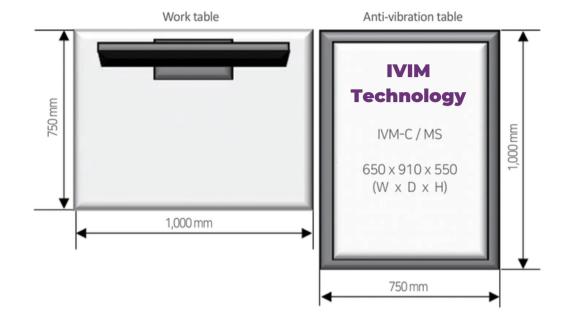
Imaging chamber & holder

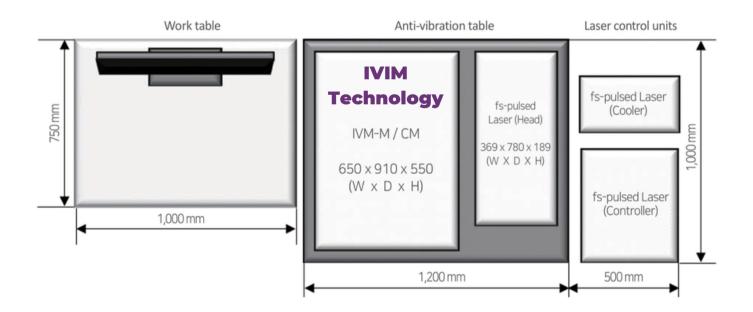
Cranial window for brain imaging

Stereotactic mount













IVM Series (IVM-)

	Confocal Laser Unit	 Max. 4 laser unit (405, 420, 445, 473, 488, 505, 514, 532, 561, 633, 642, 660, 685, 705 730, 785 nm) 		
Laser	Tunable Two-Photon Laser Unit	 Ti: Sapphire laser Wavelength : 690-1050 nm, Pulse width < 75 fs, Rep. rate: 80 MHz Avg. power > 2.5 W, Dispersion compensation: 0 to -49,000 fs² 		
	Compact Two- Photon Laser Unit	 Air cooled fs-fiber laser system Wavelength : 920 nm, Pulse width < 100 fs, Rep. rate: 80 MHz Avg. power > 1 W, Dispersion compensation: 0 to -30,000 fs 		
Fluereseenee	Confocal Detector	 Wavelength: 185 - 900 nm (DAPI, CFP, GFP, YFP, RFP, Cy5, Cy5.5, etc.) 4 Ultra-broadband high SNR PMTs (UV to Near IR, Ultra High Sensitivity, Low Dark Current) 25-2000 μm variable pinhole (16 steps) 		
Fluorescence Detector	Two-Photon Detector	 Wavelength: 185 - 760 nm (DAPI, CFP, GFP, YFP, RFP, Cy5, Cy5.5, etc.) 4 High quantum efficiency PMTs (UV to Near IR, Ultra High Sensitivity, Low Dark Current) 		
	Variable Emission Filter (Optional)	6 or 2 emission filters can be mounted on each of four detectors		
Scanner	Scanner	 Polygonal mirror (Fast axis scanning, Max. 66 kHz) Galvano scanner (Slow axis scanning, Max. 200 µs/step) 		
Imaging Head	Objectives	 Max. 6 objectives are mountable on motorized turret (IX - 100X) Compatible for commercial objectives (RMS or M25) 		
	FOV	 100 x 100 μm -²10 x 10 mm ² 		
Image	Pixel Resolution	• Max. 2,048 x 2,048 pixels		
	Imaging Speed	• 30 fps @ 512 x 512 pixels (Max. 100 fps), 15 fps @ 1,024 x 1,024 pixels (Max. 50 fps)		
	3D Stage	 Travel Range: 50,000 x 50,000 x 75,000 μm (XYZ) Micromanipulation (Max. 0.2 μm resolution) 		
Sample Stage	Specimen Holder	 Flexible-design universal specimen holder can be mounted U-shape window bracket for imaging inner organs (optional) Homeothermic warming system with plate heater and body temperature probe (optional) Small animal inhalation anesthesia system (optional) Long term imaging holders for transplanted window chamber Stereotactic mount for cranial window Ring-type window holder for abdominal imaging window In Vitro In Vitro Ex Vivo A single glass slide or culture dishes 		
Control Unit	Joy Dial	 3-axis independent control of stage position & translation speed Motorized turret control for objective lens change 		
Motion Correction	4-D <i>In Vivo</i> Imaging Motion Compensation	 XY motion compensation : Averaged image acquisition with motion artifact compensation Z motion compensation : Image-based sample Z position adjustment for long-term intravital microscopic imaging & sample tracking (Feedback-loop automatic stage control) T motion compensation : Image-based image XY position adjustment for long-term intravital microscopic imaging & sample tracking (Feedback-loop automatic stage control) T motion compensation : Image-based image XY position adjustment for long-term intravital microscopic imaging & sample tracking (Feedback-loop automatic stage control) Combination of above three compensation for 4D in vivo motion compensation 		
	Image Display	 Independent 4 single channel display (RGBA channel) Overlay channel display (Selection among RGBA channel) 		
	<i>In Viv</i> o Image Acquisition	 Averaged image with motion artifact compensation Continuous real-time video recording and display 		
Image Adjustment	<i>In Vivo</i> Imaging Mode	 Mosaic imaging (XY), Z-stack imaging (Z), Time-lapse imaging (T) Time-lapse imaging at Multi-position (T-M) Time-lapse & Z-stack imaging (TZ) Time-lapse & Z-stack imaging at Multi-position (TZ- M) 		
	lmage Adjustment	 Contrast / Brightness control, Histogram / Level adjustment Pseudo color setting, Channel splitting, Color mapping Zoom, Cut, Crop, Rotation, Invert, Annotation 		





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